



A Book List from the Early 17th Century

Ercan Akyol*

Context

The folio 123a of the *Zübdetü'l-eş 'ar*, registered in the Şehit Ali Paşa Collection of the Süleymaniye Manuscript Library, contains a list of books. Some of these books belonged to the early modern Ottoman *'ilmīye* curriculum. The list contains books that a certain Veysī Efendi's son lent to the one who took the note. Considering the author of the text and the colophon, we can glean information on the identity of this person who made a list and the book circulation among the early modern Ottoman *'ulemā*. The author of *Zübdetü'l-eş 'ar* was Kāf-zāde Fā'iżī ('Abdü'l-hayy) Çelebi (1589-1622). It is the oldest copy of the manuscript and was copied by Fā'iżī's close friend Nev'i-zāde 'Aṭāyī Efendi (1583 - 1635) in 1624.¹ These two were not only friends² but also members of the *'ilmīye* class and the same literary coterie. The famous prose writer and judge Üveys Çelebi, or with his penname, Veysī (1561 - 1628) stayed in touch with this circle.³

Could this Veysī be the Veysī mentioned in the list? I argue that he could be the one and his son lent these books to Nev'i-zāde 'Aṭāyī. My claim is based on three points:

- 1) These names were the members of the same literary and social circle;
- 2) The owner and copyist of the manuscript was Nev'i-zāde 'Aṭāyī;
- 3) There was a personal and literary relationship between Veysī and 'Aṭāyī.

* Senior Lecturer, Department of Near Eastern Studies, University of Vienna.
ercan.akyol@univie.ac.at ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4476-5430>

¹ "istiktebehü el-fakır [...] 'Aṭāyī eş-şehir bi-Nev'i-zāde munfaşılan 'an ķažā-i Hezargrad 'afā 'an-humā el-'iyād reb? ħilāl-i sene 1033" (Kafzade Faizi. *Zübdetü'l-eş 'ar*. Süleymaniye Yazma Eserler Kütüphanesi, Şehid Ali Paşa Koleksiyonu, 1877, 5a).

² "şāhib-i āsār-ı maḳbūle 'Aṭāyī merhūm ki şāhib-i imzādur // bu nüşħada ḥaṭṭ-i nestā'līk ile ol mevāzi' eyler kendi ḥaṭṭı iledür // cāmi'-i kitāb ol Kāf-zāde Fā'iżī muħlis 'Abdü'l-hayy Efendi // ile mu'aşir olub anlar ile āmīziş üzerelerdür" (Ibid, 5a).

³ Aslı Niyazioglu, "The Very Special Dead and A Seventeenth-Century Ottoman Poet: Nevizade Atai's Reasons for Composing His *Mesnevīs*," *Archivum Ottomanicum*, 25 (2008): 221-31.

The latter meant to write a parallel to Veysi's *Dürretü't-tāc fī sīreti ṣāḥibī'l-mi'rāc*.⁴ Besides, in 'Atāyī's *Hadā'ikü'l-Hakā'ik fī Tekmīleti* ḫ-ṣakā'iḳ some parts were directly conveyed from Veysi.⁵

The booklist must have been written between 1628 and 1635, the dates of Veysi's and 'Atāyī's deaths, considering the phrase "Veysi Efendi merhūm" (the late Veysi Efendi).

Keywords: Booklist, 'ulemā, 'ilmiye, Veysi, Atayi, Faizi, 17th Century

Transcription

Hälā Veysi Efendi-i merhūm maḥdūmī tarafından fakirde emānet olan kütübdür

<i>Kāmūs nūsha-i celīledir</i>	<i>Merhūmuñ kāmūsi taḥrīru bi-ḥatṭīhi</i>	<i>El-kavlü'l-me'nūs 'ale l-kāmūs</i>
<i>'Uyūnū'l-eser fī's-siyer</i>	<i>min Ḥayavāni'l-Cāhiż dört cilddür cild 2 alındı</i>	<i>Fāyık el-luġa vakf cild 1</i>
<i>Fāyık fī'l-hadīṣ vakf</i>	<i>Fāyık [...] -zādeden gelmişdür</i>	

Görülmek için gelüb kalan kütübdür

<i>Nihāye-i İbnü'l-Esīr fī'l-luġa nūsha-i celīledür</i>	<i>El-Misbāḥü'l-Münīr fī'l-luġa "</i>	<i>Hāvī li'l-Haşīrī kātib Muṣlī Çelebi 300</i>
<i>Mu'inü'l-Müftī "</i>	<i>Mezcü'z-Zühür fī Veḱāyi'i-d-Dühür cild 2</i>	<i>Dürretü'l-Eslāk fī Devleti'l-Etrāk cild 3</i>
<i>Şerh-i Manṭūka En-Nesefī</i>	<i>[...] li'l-'Allāme [...]</i>	<i>Tārīḥ-i Güzide</i>

⁴ Bayram Ali Kaya, "Veysi," TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, 2013, XLIII, 76-77.

⁵ Nevizade Atayi, *Hadā'ikü'l-Hakā'ik Fī Tekmīleti* ḫ-ṣakā'iḳ, vol. I-II, ed. Suat Donuk, İstanbul: Türkiye Yazma Eserler Kurumu Başkanlığı Yayınları 2017, p. 1756.

<i>Telvīh</i> “ <i>cild-i evvel-i İbn Ḥallikān</i>	<i>Kit̄ ‘a-i āḥīre-i Ravżatü ’l-Āḥbāb</i> <i>iki cildde tamāmdir</i>	<i>Kitāb</i> <i>ii</i> <i>Cild geldi [?]</i>
		<i>3</i>
		<i>14</i>
		<i>1</i>
		<i>15</i>

Translation

These are the books that the late Veysi Efendi's son lent to me and which I still have in my possession.

<i>Kāmūs</i> , it is a beautiful copy	<i>Kāmūs</i> ⁶ of the deceased by his handwriting	<i>El-ḳawlū ’l-me ’nūs ’ale l-kāmūs</i>
<i>‘Uyūnū ’l-eser fi’s-siyer</i>	From the <i>Hayavāni ’l-Cāhīz</i> ⁷ four volumes, volume 2 was taken	<i>Fāyık el-luġa waqf</i> volume <i>1</i>
<i>Fāyık fi ’l-hadīṣ</i> ⁸ vakf	<i>Fāyık</i> , it has come from [...] -zāde	

⁶ Probably Veysi Efendi's *Merace’l-bahreyn fi-ecvibe ‘alā-i’tirāzāti’l-Cevherī*. See, Şensoy, Sedat: Veysi (Üveysi b. Muhammed El-Alaşehrî) ve Eseri ‘Merace’l-Bahreyn’ın Tahkiki, (MA Thesis) Konya: Selçuk University, 1995.

⁷ *Kitāb al-Hayavān*, one of el-Cāhīz's books. See, Pellat, Ch., “al-Djāhīz”, in: Encyclopaedia of Islam, Second Edition, Edited by: P. Bearman, Th. Bianquis, C.E. Bosworth, E. van Donzel, W.P. Heinrichs. Consulted online on 17 January 2023 http://dx.doi.org.uaccess.univie.ac.at/10.1163/1573-3912_islam_SIM_1935

⁸ Probably Zemahşeri's (d. 1144) work entitled *el-Fāyık fi garībi’l-hadīṣ*. See, Selman Başaran, "El-Fāyık Fi Garībi’l-Hadīṣ", TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, <https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/el-faik-fi-garibil-hadis> (17.01.2023).

These are the books that came to be seen [but] remained in our hands.

<i>Nihāye-i İbnü'l-Esīr</i> ⁹ fī'l-luġa, it is a beautiful copy	<i>El-misbāḥū'l-münīr</i> ¹⁰ fī'l-luġa “	Ḩāvī li-l-Ḥaṣīrī ¹¹ kātib Muṣlī Ḍelebi 300
<i>Mu'inü'l-Müftī</i> ¹² “	<i>Mezcü'z-zühür fī vekāyi' ed-dühür</i> volume 2	<i>Dürretü'l-eslāk</i> fī devleti'l-etrāk ¹³ volume 3
<i>Şerh-i manṭūka</i> <i>En-Nesefī</i> ¹⁴	[...] li'l-'Allāme [...]	<i>Tārīħ-i Güzide</i> ¹⁵
<i>Telvīh</i> “ the first volume of İbn Ḥallikān ¹⁶	The last part of the <i>Ravżatü'l-Aḥbāb</i> ¹⁷ two volumes in total	Book 11 volumes have come
		13 1
		14 1 15

⁹ Mecdü'd-din Ibnü'l-Esīr's (d. 1210) dictionary on less common words and meanings occurring in the Prophetic traditions, *en-Nihāye fī ḡarībi'l-hadīṣ*. See, Rosenthal, F., "Ibn al-Āthīr", in: Encyclopaedia of Islam, Second Edition, Edited by: P. Bearman, Th. Bianquis, C.E. Bosworth, E. van Donzel, W.P. Heinrichs. Consulted online on 17 January 2023 http://dx.doi.org.uaccess.univie.ac.at/10.1163/1573-3912_islam_SIM_3094

¹⁰ *el-Miṣbāḥū'l-münīr fī ḡarībi's-ṣerhi'l-kebīr li'r-Rāfi'i*, Ahmed b. Muhammed Feyyumi's (d. 1368-69) dictionary on Islamic jurisprudence. See, Hüseyin Elmalı, "Feyyūmî, Ahmed b. Muhammed", TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, <https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/feyyumi-ahmed-b-muhammed> (17.01.2023).

¹¹ *el-Ḥāvī fī'l-fetāvā*, Muhammed b. İbrāhim Ḥaṣīrī's work on fiqh.

¹² *Mu'inü'l-müftī fī'l-cevāb 'ale'l-müsteftī*, Pīr Mehmed Üskübi's (ö. 1611) work, in which his fatwas were compiled. See, Şükrü Özen, "Pīr Mehmed Üskübi", TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, <https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/pir-mehmed-uskubi> (17.01.2023).

¹³ İbn Ḥabīb el-Ḥalebī's work on Mamluks. See, Süleyman Tülütçü, "İbn Ḥabīb El-Ḥalebī", TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, <https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/ibn-habib-el-halebi> (17.01.2023).

¹⁴ I could not find information about the work and its author.

¹⁵ Ḥamdu'llāh el-Müstevfī's work on history. See, Abdülkerim Özaydın, "Tārīħ-i Güzide", TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, <https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/tarih-i-guzide> (17.01.2023).

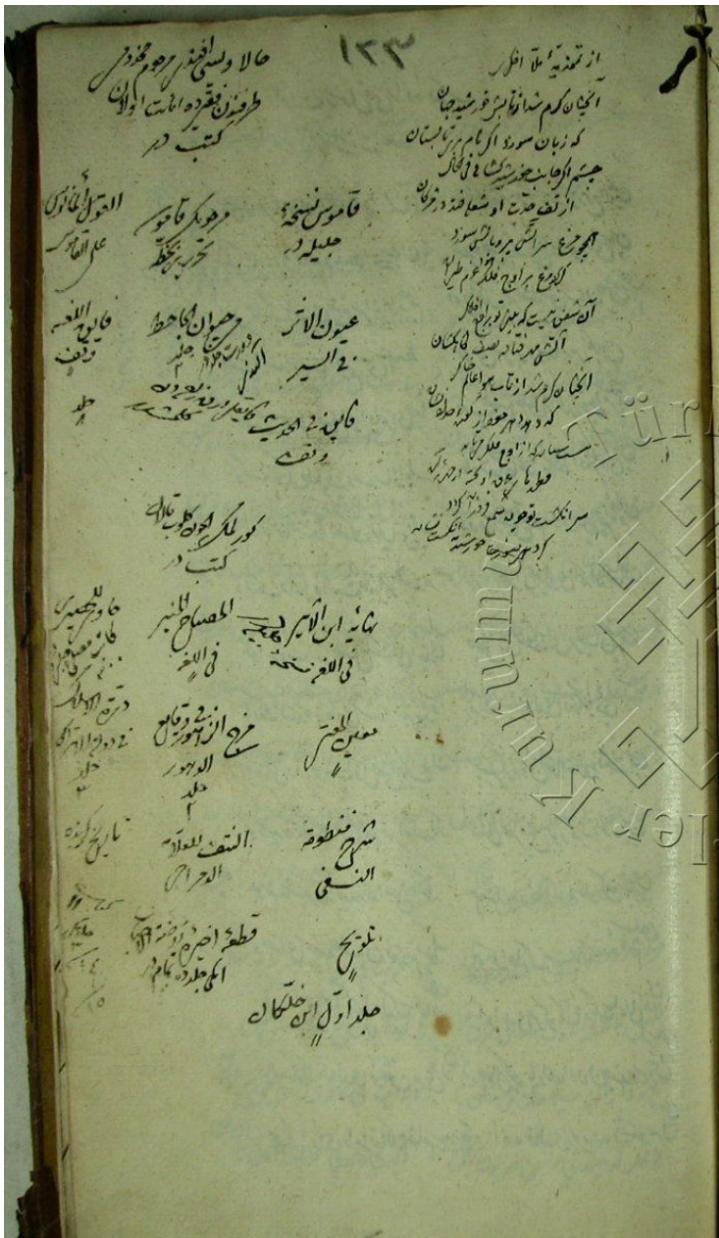
¹⁶ İbn Ḥallikān (d. 1282), the author of *Vefeyātū'l-a'yān*. He was a historian, scholar and poet from Arbil.

¹⁷ *Ravżatü'l-ahbāb fī siyeri'n-nebī ve'l-āl ve'l-ashāb*, Cemāl el-Ḥuseynī's (d. 1521) work on the Prophet Muhammed. See, Mehmet Aykaç, "Cemāl El-Ḥuseynī", TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi, <https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/cemal-el-huseyni> (17.01.2023).

Bibliography

- Mehmet Aykaç. "Cemâl El-Hüseyî", *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*,
<https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/cemal-el-huseyni> (17.01.2023).
- Başaran, Selman. "El-Fâîk Fî Garîbi'l-Hadîs", *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*,
<https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/el-faik-fi-garibil-hadis> (17.01.2023).
- Elmalî, Hüseyin. "Feyyûmî, Ahmed b. Muhammed", *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*,
<https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/feyyumi-ahmed-b-muhammed> (17.01.2023).
- Kafzade Faizi. *Zübdetü'l-eş 'är*. Süleymaniye Yazma Eserler Kütüphanesi, Şehid Ali Paşa Koleksiyonu, 1877.
- Kaya, Bayram Ali. "Veysi". *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*. 2013, XLIII, 76-77.
- Nevizade Atayi. *Hadâ'iku'l-Hakâ'ik Fî Tekmileti's-Şakâ'ik*. vol. I-II. ed. Suat Donuk, İstanbul: Türkiye Yazma Eserler Kurumu Başkanlığı Yayınları 2017.
- Niyazioğlu, Aslı. "The Very Special Dead and A Seventeenth-Century Ottoman Poet: Nevizade Atai's Reasons for Composing His *Mesnevîs*". *Archivum Ottomanicum*, 25 (2008): 221-31.
- Özaydın, Abdülkerim. "Târîh-İ Güzide", *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*,
<https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/tarih-i-guzide> (17.01.2023).
- Özen, Şükrü. "Pîr Mehmed Üskübî", *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*,
<https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/pir-mehmed-uskubi> (17.01.2023)
- Pellat, Ch., "al-Djâhîz", in: *Encyclopaedia of Islam*, Second Edition, Edited by: P. Bearman, Th. Bianquis, C.E. Bosworth, E. van Donzel, W.P. Heinrichs. Consulted online on 17 January 2023.
- Rosenthal, F., "Ibn al-ATHîR", in: *Encyclopaedia of Islam*, Second Edition, Edited by: P. Bearman, Th. Bianquis, C.E. Bosworth, E. van Donzel, W.P. Heinrichs. Consulted online on 17 January 2023.
- Şensoy, Sedat. Veysi (Üveysi b. Muhammed El-Alaşehrî) ve Eseri 'Merace'l-Bahreyn'in Tahkiki, (MA Thesis) Konya: Selçuk University, 1995.
- Tülücü, Süleyman. "İbn Habîb El-Halebî", *TDV İslâm Ansiklopedisi*,
<https://islamansiklopedisi.org.tr/ibn-habib-el-halebi> (17.01.2023).

Facsimile



Cite this article:

Akyol, Ercan. "A Book List from the Early 17th Century" *Keshif: E-Journal for Ottoman-Turkish Micro Editions* 1/1 (Winter 2023): 5-10. <http://doi.org/10.25365/kshf-23-01-02>